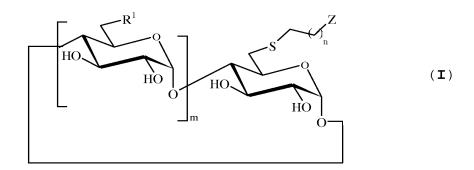
### AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## LISTING OF CLAIMS:

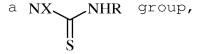
1-29. (canceled)

30. (withdrawn, currently amended) A process for the preparation of a compound of formula (I)



#### in which:

- n represents an integer from 1 to 6;
- m represents an integer equal to 5, 6 or 7;
- $R^1$  represents either an OH group or an -S-CH $_2$  (CH $_2$ )  $_n$ -Z group, the  $R^1$  groups all being identical;
  - Z represents



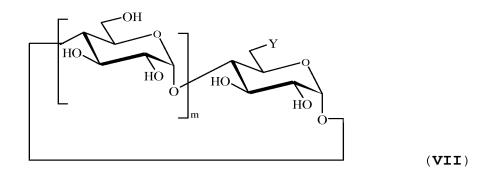
X representing a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group comprising from 1 to 6 carbon atoms and

R representing a biorecognition element comprising an amino acid derivative, a peptide, a monosaccharide, an oligosaccharide, a multiplication element with several branchings comprising tris(2-hydroxymethyl)methyl radical, a multiplication element with several branchings comprising glucidic groups which can be identical or different, or a visualization probe or fluorescent or radioactive detection probe,

said multiplication element with several branchings comprising tris(2-hydroxymethyl)methyl radical being linked to the group Z by the quaternary carbon radical,

said process comprising the following stages:

-reacting a compound selectively or totally halogenated in primary alcohol position, of the following formula (VII):



m being as defined above,

W representing an OH group or a Y group, the W groups all being identical,

and Y representing a halogen atom chosen from the group consisting of chlorine, bromine, and iodine,

with an  $\omega-aminoalkanethiol$  of the following formula (VIII):

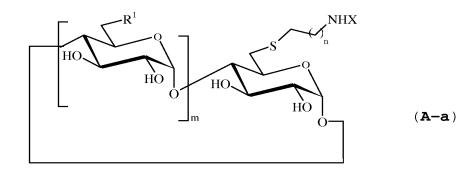
$$X$$
 $\stackrel{\text{H}}{\longrightarrow}$  SH (VIII)

said  $\omega-aminoalkanethiol$  optionally being N-alkylated, or the corresponding salt of the following formula (VIII-a):

$$H_2XN$$
  $\longrightarrow$   $SH$  (VIII-a)

said salt being associated with a halide counter ion,
n and X being as defined above,

in order to obtain a compound of formula (I) as defined above and having the following formulae (A-a):



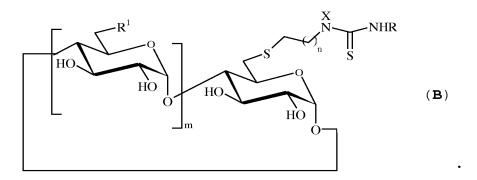
and

- the reaction of the compound of formula (A-a) as obtained in the preceding stage with an isothiocyanate of the following formula (IX):

$$R-N=C=S$$
 (IX)

in which R is as defined above,

in order to obtain a compound of formula (I) as defined above, and corresponding to the following formula:



31. (withdrawn, currently amended) The preparation process according to claim 30 of a compound having the following general formula (I-b):

said process comprising the following stages:

- reacting a per(6-deoxy-6-halo) cyclodextrin compound, of the following formula (VII-a):

with an  $\omega\text{-aminoalkanethiol}$  of the following formula (VIII):

$$X \xrightarrow{N} SH$$
 (VIII)

said  $\omega$ -aminoalkanethiol being N-alkylated,

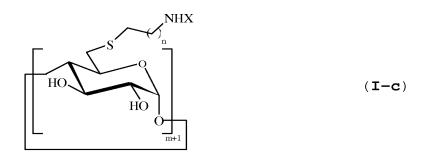
or the corresponding salt of the following formula  $(\mbox{\sc VIII-a}):$ 

$$H_2XN$$
 $N$ 
 $SH$ 
 $(VIII-a)$ 

said salt being associated with a halide counter ion, and X being a hydrogen atom,

the compound of formula (VIII) being cysteamine of formula  $\mbox{H}_2\mbox{N-CH}_2\mbox{-CH}_2\mbox{-SH,}$ 

in order to obtain a compound of the following formulae  $(\mbox{I-c}) \,, \label{eq:compound}$ 



and

- the reaction of the compound of formula (I-c) as obtained in the preceding stage with an isothiocyanate of the following formula (IX):

$$R-N=C=S$$
 (IX)

in order to obtain a compound of the following formula  $({\rm II}) \ \, {\rm or} \ \, ({\rm II}-a)$ 

$$\begin{array}{c|c} X & H \\ X & N \\ N & N$$

32. (withdrawn, currently amended) The preparation process according to claim 30 of compounds having the following formula:

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & Z \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & &$$

said process comprising the following stages:

- reacting a compound selectively halogenated in primary alcohol position, of the following formula (VII):

with an  $\omega\text{-aminoalkanethiol}$  of the following formula (VIII):

$$X \xrightarrow{N} Y_n \xrightarrow{SH} (VIII)$$

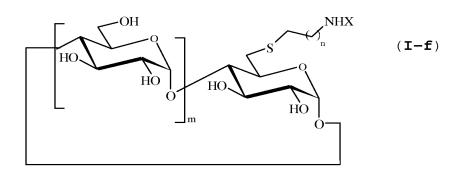
said  $\omega-aminoalkanethiol$  optionally being N-alkylated, or the corresponding salt of the following formula (VIII-a):

said salt being associated with halide as a counter ion, and preferably being the chloride ion,

and X being a hydrogen atom,

the compound of formula (VIII) being cysteamine of formula  $\rm H_2N-CH_2-CH_2-SH_{\mbox{\scriptsize f}}$ 

in order to obtain a compound of formula (I-f) of the following formula:

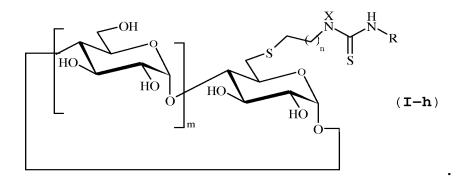


and

- reacting the compound of formula (I-f) as obtained in the preceding stage with an isothiocyanate of the following formula (IX):

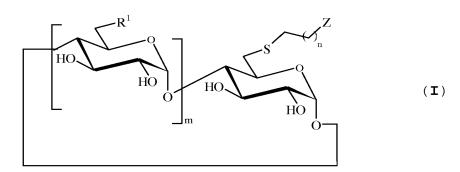
$$R-N=C=S$$
 (IX)

in order to obtain a compound of formula (I-h):



### 33. (cancelled)

34. (currently amended) A compound of the following general formula:



in which:

- n represents an integer from 1 to 6;
- m represents an integer equal to 5, 6 or 7;
- $R^1$  represents either an OH group or an -S-CH<sub>2</sub>-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-Z group, the  $R^1$  groups all being identical;
  - Z represents

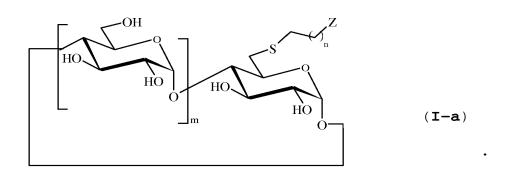
X representing a hydrogen atom or an alkyl group comprising from 1 to 6 carbon atoms, and

R representing a biorecognition element comprising an amino acid derivative, a peptide, a monosaccharide, an oligosaccharide, a multiplication element with several branchings comprising tris(2-hydroxymethyl)methyl radical, a multiplication element with several branchings comprising glucidic groups which can be identical or different, or a visualization probe or fluorescent or radioactive detection probe,

provided that the compound in which n = 1, m = 6, Z =  $NH_2$  and  $R_1$  = OH is excluded.

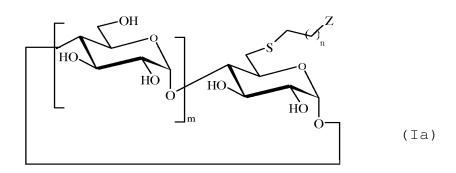
said multiplication element with several branchings comprising tris(2-hydroxymethyl)methyl radical being linked to the group Z by the quaternary carbon radical.

35. (previously presented) The compound of claim 34, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  represents OH, and having the following general formula:



36. (cancelled)

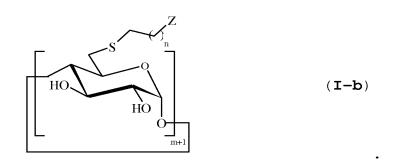
37. (previously presented) The compound of claim 34, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  represents OH, having the formula (I-a)



### and Z represents a

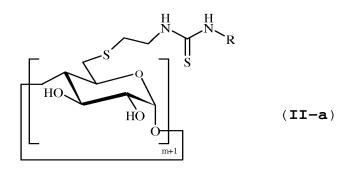
$$\stackrel{\hbox{NX}}{\underset{\hbox{N}}{\bigvee}} \stackrel{\hbox{NHR}}{\underset{\hbox{MR}}{\bigvee}}$$
 group, X being a hydrogen atom.

38. (previously presented) The compound of claim 34, wherein  $R^1$  represents an  $-S-CH_2-(CH_2)_n-Z$  group, and having the following general formula:



# 39. (cancelled)

- 40. (cancelled)
- 41. (cancelled)
- 42. (cancelled)
- 43. (previously presented) The compound of claim 38, wherein Z represents a NX NHR group, X represents a hydrogen atom and n is equal to 1, and having the following formula:



- 44. (cancelled)
- 45. (cancelled)
- 46. (previously presented) The compound according to claim 34, wherein  $R^1$  represents an  $-S-CH_2-(CH_2)_n-Z$  group, Z represents a group, X represents a hydrogen atom, n

is equal to 1, and the R group is chosen from the following groups:

- the  $\alpha\text{-p-mannopyranosyl}$  group, of the following formula (III):

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{HO} \\ \text{HO} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \text{OH} \\ \\ \text{OH} \\ \end{array}$$

- the  $\beta$ -lactosyl group, of the following formula (III-a):

$$\begin{array}{c}
OH \\
OH \\
OH
\end{array} OH \\
OH
\end{array} OH \\
OH$$
(III-a)

- the group derived from Lewis X trisaccharide or from sialyl Lewis X tetrasaccharide, of the following formulae (III-b) and (III-c) respectively:

- an oligosaccharide derived from heparin, of the following formula (III-d):

47. (currently amended) The compound of claim 34, wherein  $R^1$  represents an  $-S-CH_2-(CH_2)_n-Z$  group, Z represents a NX. NHR

NX NHR group, X represents a hydrogen atom, n is equal to 1, and:

R comprises a branching element consisting in a tris(2-hydroxymethyl)methylamine radical, or

R represents one of the following groups:

- the tris( $\alpha\text{-p-mannopyranosyloxymethyl})$  methyl group, of the following formula (IV):

-the tris( $\beta$ -lactosyloxymethyl)methyl group, of the following formula (IV-a):

48. (previously presented) The compound of claim 34, wherein Z represents a  $\begin{tabular}{c} NX \\ \hline NHR \\ group, wherein R comprises a \\ \hline \end{tabular}$ 

branching element derived from pentaerythritol, said compound having the following formula:

in which  $\mbox{R}^2$  and  $\mbox{R}^3$  represent glucidic derivatives which can be different or identical or also a fluorescent or radioactive probe.

- 49. (previously presented) The compound of claim 48, wherein  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{R}}^1$  represents OH.
- 50. (previously presented) The compound of claim 48, wherein  $\mathbb{R}^1$  represents formula:

$$-S \xrightarrow{X} \stackrel{H}{\underset{S}{\bigvee}} \stackrel{O}{\underset{O}{\bigvee}} SR_{2}$$

•

- 51. The compound of claim 48, wherein n is equal to 1, X represents a hydrogen atom and  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  represent one of the following groups:
- the  $\alpha\text{--}\text{--}\text{mannopyranosyl}$  group, of the following formula (III):

- the  $\beta$ -lactosyl group, of the following formula (III-a):

- the  $\beta\text{--}\text{p--}\text{glucopyranosyl}$  group, of the following formula (VI):

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{R}^2}$  and  $\ensuremath{\mbox{R}^3}$  being able to be identical or different.

52. (previously presented) The compound of claim 34, wherein m is equal to 6.

- 53. (previously presented) An inclusion complex of a compound according to claim 34 with a pharmacologically active molecule, a molar ratio between the compound and the pharmacologically active molecule being approximately 50:1 to approximately 1:1.
- 54. (currently amended) An inclusion complex of a compound according to claim 34 with a pharmacologically active molecule, a molar ratio between the compound the pharmacologically active molecule being approximately 50:1 to approximately 1:1, wherein the pharmacologically active molecule is an antienoplastic antineoplastic agent, belonging to the taxol family.
- 55. (previously presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to claim 34 with a pharmacologically acceptable vehicle.
- 56. (previously presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising an inclusion complex of a compound according to claim 34, with a pharmacologically active molecule, a molar ratio between the compound and the pharmacologically active molecule being approximately 50:1 to approximately 1:1, in association with a pharmacologically acceptable vehicle.

- 57. (previously presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to claim 34 with a pharmacologically acceptable vehicle, in the form of an aqueous solution.
- 58. (previously presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising an inclusion complex of a compound according to claim 34 with a pharmacologically active molecule, a molar ratio between the compound and the pharmacologically active molecule being approximately 50:1 to approximately 1:1, in association with a pharmacologically acceptable vehicle, the pharmacological compound being in the form of an aqueous solution.
- 59. (currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to claim 34 with a pharmacologically acceptable vehicle, wherein the composition contains per single dose approximately 50 mg to approximately 500 mg of one of the compound.
- 60. (previously presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising an inclusion complex of a compound according to claim 34 with a pharmacologically active molecule, a molar ratio between the compound and the pharmacologically active molecule being approximately 50:1 to approximately 1:1, in association with a pharmacologically acceptable vehicle, wherein the

Docket No. 0508-1141 Appln. No. 10/551,343

composition contains per single dose approximately 100 mg to approximately 750 mg of one of said complex.